# Evaluation of the AmplideX<sup>®</sup> SMA Plus Kit for comprehensive *SMN1/SMN2* analysis in Spinal Muscular Atrophy

Liesbeth Claeys\*, Annelies De Jaegher\*, Jennifer Anckaert, Xenia Leroy, Tjoïlina Reyniers, Melek Yöruk, Elfride De Baere and Kathleen BM Claes

\*shared first authors Affiliations: Center for Medical Genetics, Ghent University Hospital, Ghent, Belgium; Department of Biomedical Molecular Biology, Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium

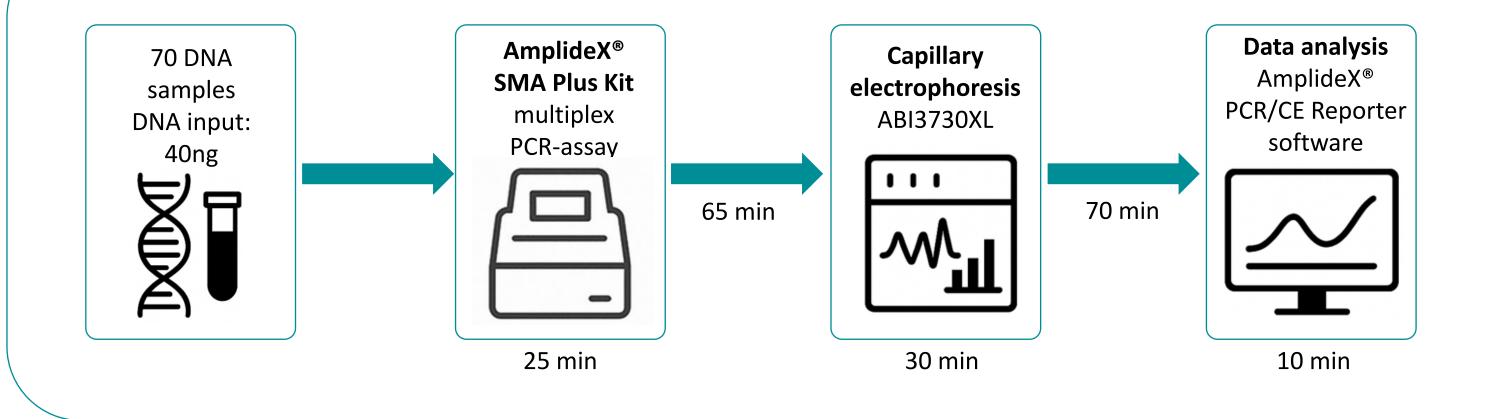
contact: Liesbeth.Claeys@uzgent.be ; Annelies.Dejaegher@uzgent.be

# **Objectives**

- Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) is an autosomal recessive neuromuscular disorder characterized by progressive muscle weakness and atrophy caused by copy number variations or mutations in the SMN1 gene. Disease severity is modulated by the number of SMN2 gene copies.
- Recent studies have highlighted the potential influence of specific modifiers: the SMN2 c.859G>C variant, which is associated with a milder phenotype, and the SMN1 variants c.\*3+80T>G and c.\*211\_\*212del, which are linked to SMN1 duplication and silent carrier status. However, the clinical significance of these SMN1 variants is ethnicity-dependent, particularly important in Asian, Spanish and Ashkenazi Jewish populations.
- Accurate and fast molecular analysis is essential for confirming diagnosis in symptomatic patients and facilitating early access to targeted therapies given that SMA is a leading
  genetic cause of infant mortality, and for identifying carriers in the context of reproductive counseling as ~1 in 45 individuals in the Caucasian population is a SMA carrier.

This study aimed to evaluate the performance of the AmplideX<sup>®</sup> SMA Plus Kit (Asuragen, CE-IVD) for simultaneous *SMN1/SMN2* copy number analysis and detection of clinically relevant variants and hybrid genes.

## – Methods

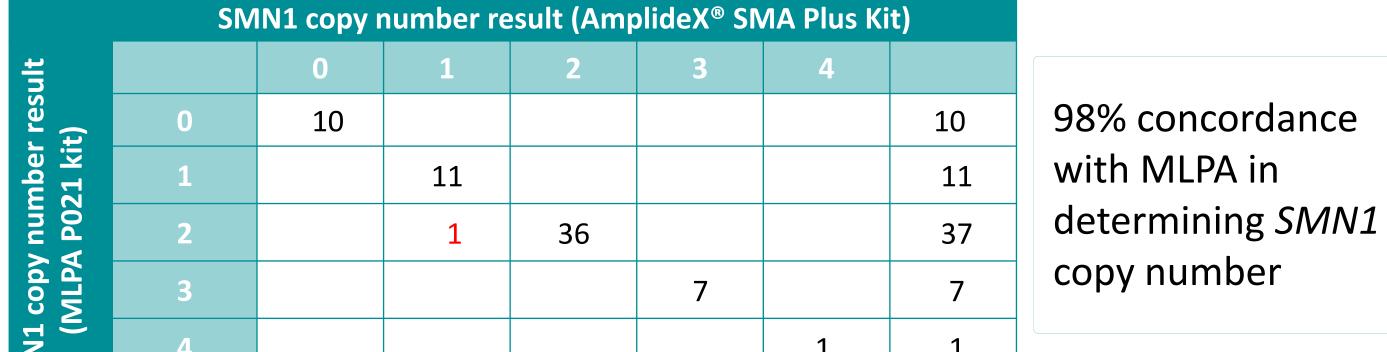


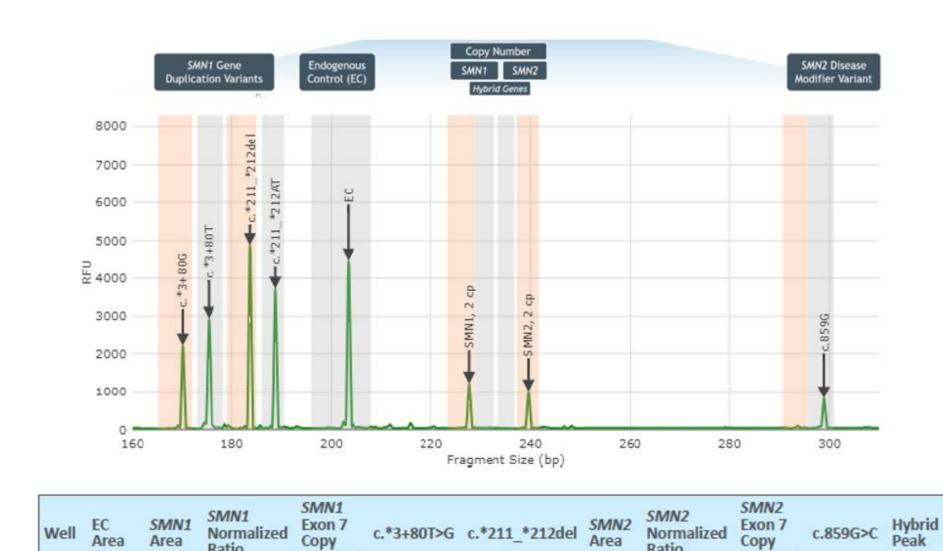
- Data analysis was performed using AmplideX<sup>®</sup> PCR/CE Reporter software with a user-defined calibration and control sample; and user-defined bin settings to accomodate for the used extraction method (MagCore DNA extraction).
- Copy number results of SMN1 and SMN2 were compared with MLPA results (P021 kit, MRC Holland).

# — Results and discussion |

## — Copy number determination

Accurate identification of *SMN1* and *SMN2* copy number: 0 (SMA diagnosis), 1 (carrier), 2, 3, >4





Variant detection

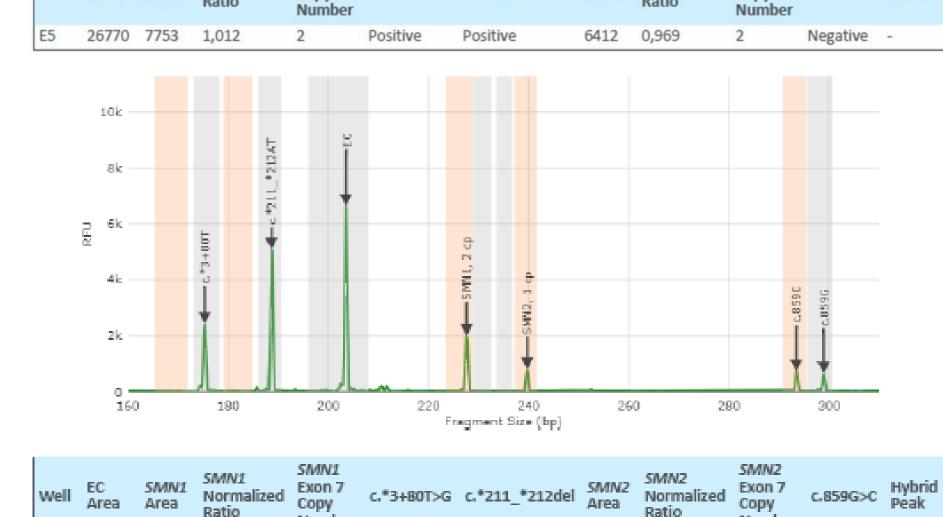
# SMN1 variants c.\*3+80T>G and c.\*211\_\*212del,

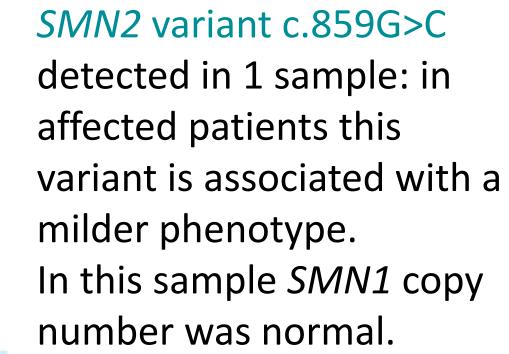
associated with increased risk of silent carrier status, were observed in 4 samples. Further evaluation of family members is recommended to confirm carrier status.

SMN	4					L		
SN		10	12	36	7	1	66	
	SM	N2 copy r	number re	esult (Amp	olideX® SN	/IA Plus Ki	t)	
ılt		0	1	2	3	4		
SMN2 copy number result (MLPA P021 kit)	0	8					8	100% concordance with MLPA in determining <i>SMN2</i> copy number
	1		19				19	
	2			24			24	
	3				8		8	
	4					7	8	
SN		8	19	24	8	7	66	

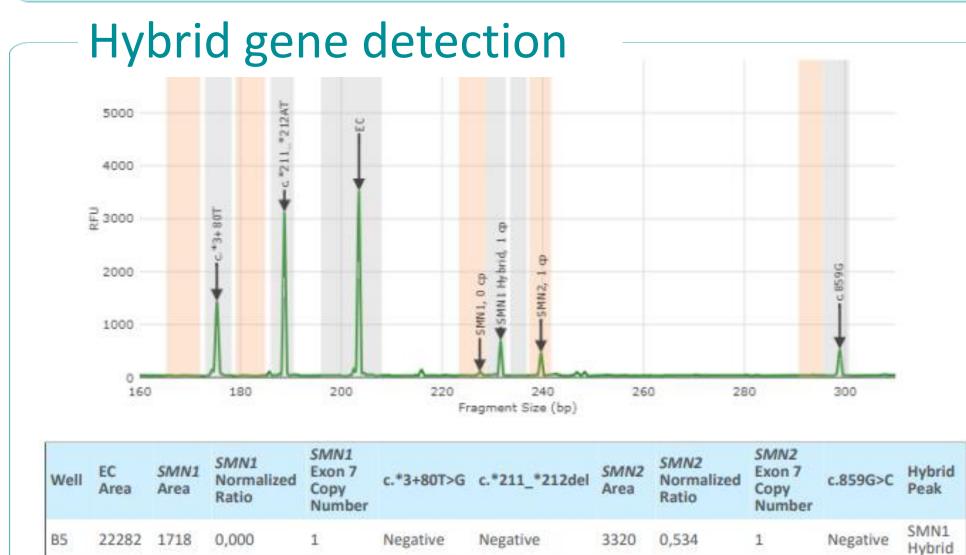
#### Analysis of **70 DNA samples**:

- for 66 samples the copy number for SMN1 and SMN2 was calculated
  - 1 sample showed a discordant SMN1 result compared to MLPA: SNP analysis is in progress
- 1 sample showed a *SMN1* hybrid peak
- 3 samples were 'Marked for Rerun' during data analysis
  - 1 sample had insufficient DNA concentration
  - 2 samples showed *SMN1* normalized ratios outside defined BIN thresholds:
    - one extracted from a Coriell cell line (different source material)
    - one with 4 SMN1 copies confirmed by MLPA showing a normalized ratio between 3 and 4 copies





Positive



### SMN1-SMN2 hybrid peak detected (chimeric gene with both SMN1 and SMN2 sequences) in 1 sample. Further evaluation is ongoing (discordant result with MLPA – total of 2 SMN1 copies).

# Conclusions and future perspectives

## The implementation of the AmplideX<sup>®</sup> SMA Plus Kit streamlines SMA genetic analysis by providing a comprehensive, fast, and highthroughput solution for both **diagnostic and carrier screening**.

42115 12904

Our evaluation of the AmplideX<sup>®</sup> SMA Plus Kit in a routine diagnostic laboratory setting demonstrated the following key findings:

- Comprehensive SMA genotyping in 1 single assay, enabling detection of both copy number variations and variants associated with milder phenotype or silent carrier status.
- End-to-end solution including all reagents in 1 kit and automated result calling using AmplideX<sup>®</sup> PCR/CE Reporter software.
- Higher reagent costs, but significantly shorter workflow compared to MLPA (same-day results; turnaround time <4 hours from DNA to result),
- Ongoing validation on additional samples, as well as in-depth evaluation of discordant results and assessment of inter- and intra-run precision will be essential before implementation can be considered in routine diagnostics and carrier screening programs, including the confirmation of positive newborn screening results.

